

CAPABILITY PROCEDURE FOR SCHOOL BASED TEACHERS AND CENTRALLY EMPLOYED TEACHERS

Name of School:

Date by which School/Unit have adopted procedure:

Date by which the procedure was last reviewed: **September 2015**

Anticipated review date by Children's Services HR and Trade Unions: **2016/17 academic year**

Signature of Chair of Governors:

Cumbria County Council
Children's Services

NOTE:

Please note Appendix 2 only applies to Local Authority Maintained Community & Voluntary Controlled Schools.

If a Voluntary Aided School wants to use Appendix 2 the decision in relation to a supported exit rests with the Local Authority.

If a Foundation School wants to adopt Appendix 2, the Local Authority must take the lead in any discussions.

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Date: 1 September 2015
Our reference: HR/CS

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Dear Colleague

Model Capability Procedure for school based teachers and centrally employed teachers

I wish to bring your attention to the recently published model capability procedure for school based teachers and centrally employed teachers which have been produced in working partnership with the Local Authority and Professional Associations following recent changes to the National School Teachers Pay and Conditions Document.

I would expect all maintained schools would adopt this policy, its recommendations and ratify at the next meeting of your Governing Body and would encourage foundation schools and Academies to do the same.

Yours faithfully

Alan Lindsay
Senior Manager - Learning Improvement

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CUMBRIA COUNTY COUNCIL CHILDREN'S SERVICES

CAPABILITY PROCEDURE

This policy, which sets out the formal capability procedure, applies only to teachers (including the Headteacher) about whose performance there are serious concerns that the appraisal process has been unable to address.

This Policy also applies to Centrally Employed Teachers.

The School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009 (as amended) places responsibility on Governing Bodies of schools with delegated budgets for establishing capability procedures and taking appropriate steps to make them known to staff at the school.

New arrangements for managing teacher performance are being introduced by the Department of Education, effective from 1st September, 2012, and this policy is compatible with those arrangements.

While a school has a delegated budget, the Governing Body will have control of all matters of capability relating to staff employed at the school.

This document represents agreement between the Local Authority (LA) and the recognised trade unions, and was adopted by the Governing Body of this school on _____ and shall be regarded as a party to this agreement for all purposes. In reaching agreement on this procedure it is acknowledged that the employer is the LA except in the case of Voluntary Aided and Foundation schools where the Governing Body is the employer; in such cases, particular reference should be made to the supplementary provisions in this document.

The references to Headteacher and senior nominated manager in this procedure assume s/he is not the employee concerned. Where the Headteacher is the employee concerned, references below to Headteacher should be regarded as referring to the Chair of Governors/ Vice Chair and references to employee should be regarded as referring to the Headteacher. In adopting this procedure, the Governing Body gives delegated authority to the chair of Governors to act as stated, except where in her/his absence, the Vice Chair may act.

It is recognised that a Headteacher/Manager may have occasion, as part of the normal day-to-day management function, to draw the attention of an employee to inadequacies in performance without having recourse to the formal procedure set out below. Such action may include the use of advice or admonition without giving rise to doubts as to the employee's capability. Good management, clear expectations and appropriate support will go a long way towards addressing weaknesses in performance. Early identification of problems through performance review will help to avoid the need for formal capability procedures. In some cases an improvement may be achieved informally with a minimum of support and attention. In others a more formal approach will be necessary.

The timescale adopted in each case will be in accordance with the seriousness of the lack of capability of the employee

The Headteacher or another senior nominated manager should take the lead at each stage of the procedure, and reach the decisions as to whether it is appropriate to proceed

to the next stage. However, it may be appropriate for informal review meetings and certain aspects of support to be delegated to other senior staff in the school. The responsibility and role of any staff involved in the process, at any particular stage, should be made clear by the Headteacher. LA General Advisers with education experience may advise the school, and where appropriate, provide support.

You are strongly advised to seek support and advice from your HR Provider/Diocese before using this procedure.

No formal capability action shall be taken against an employee who is a recognised trade union official (including safety and learning representatives) until the circumstances of the case have been discussed with a full-time officer of the trade union concerned.

An employee will be afforded the opportunity to be accompanied by a trade union representative or work based colleague at any formal review meeting, hearing or appeal. If the employee's chosen companion is not available at the time proposed for the interview, meeting or hearing, and the employee proposes an alternative that is reasonable and falls within five working days of the day proposed for the interview, and other participants are available, the school should rearrange the event to the time proposed by the employee.

Notice of five working days must be given for all meetings and an exchange of any papers which may be referred to at such meetings should take place at least five working days before the meeting.

In the unlikely event of a fast track situation discussions need to be had with all parties to agree a suitable timescale for an exchange of any papers, commensurate with DoE regulations and ACAS codes of practice.

It is important that appropriate support and training are provided for all staff, particularly where new responsibilities or changed working practices are introduced. It is recognised that financial provision for training generally is limited. However, priority should be given in the allocation of resources where concerns about capability are identified and where training is considered to be necessary. A record of training and support offered in this respect should be kept and the impact of training should be evaluated and reviewed. Those monitoring the performance should offer feedback and instruction to help the employee's performance. If training courses or assistance from colleagues would be helpful these should be arranged as soon as possible but should not interrupt the timing of the procedure.

Within the monitoring and support programme the support mechanisms should be made clear, including how and when these will be implemented. It will be necessary to determine these depending on the circumstances. However, the following are suggested areas for inclusion, as appropriate:

- observations of best practice from other staff in the school;
- observations/visits to other schools;
- observation by an LA School Improvement Officer and with associated oral and written feedback, with the opportunity for the employee to respond;
- in-service training;
- work-sharing or team teaching;
- visit from appropriate specialist advisers, e.g. specialist teachers, etc.

General:

- formal short courses on specified areas of concern;
- development time to improve knowledge in areas of concern;
- assigning a mentor not involved in the monitoring process;
- counselling;
- volunteering to temporarily relinquish additional responsibilities and associated payments;
- a modified workload or timetable for a specified period.
- directed self-managed study;

Monitoring should include observations of a range of relevant duties and functions. An objective record of the monitoring should be kept and used to assist with the evaluation of performance.

A written note should be made of all formal interviews with the employee, and any action taken following such an interview. A copy will be given to the employee. If the employee disagrees with the content of the written records they may respond, where there concerns are not met a copy of their submission will be attached to the official record.

Staff who are absent through illness during the procedure

Absence which is triggered by the capability procedure, and which management reasonably believe is likely to be long term, should be referred immediately to the school's Occupational Health Adviser to assess whether participation in meetings would be detrimental to health or whether they are fit for continued employment and participation in meetings.

Short absences should not delay any part of the formal stage of the capability procedure. Reasonable steps should be made to enable the employee to attend evaluation meetings, but where the employee is unable to attend, these may proceed in the employee's absence if delay would otherwise compromise the maximum time set aside for the procedure. In such circumstances a full account of the evaluation should be provided in the letter to the employee confirming the decision taken.

The Headteacher may call upon advice from the school's Occupational Health Adviser at any stage where an employee is seeking a postponement of a hearing to consider her/his dismissal. In addition, the employee may also arrange for medical advice to be made available to the Headteacher from her/his doctor or other medical source.

If a decision is made to convene a hearing in the absence of the employee, (there should have been at least one postponement) the employee and her/his representative shall be given the appropriate notice in writing, together with all relevant papers. The notification shall include an indication that the hearing will be convened whether or not the employee is able to attend, and that s/he may be represented at the hearing in the normal way. The panel convened to hear the case will, if the employee or her/his representative so request, consider whether it is reasonable, exceptionally, to proceed in the employee's absence. A representative of the employee may attend and speak at such a hearing. The procedure for the hearing would be as given at Appendix 1.

Normally the decision to continue a capability procedure or recommend dismissal should be taken by the Headteacher, or by the line manager with the Headteacher's agreement (except where the Headteacher's performance is being considered). If there is a difference of opinion, the Headteacher's decision should prevail (except where the Headteacher's performance is being considered).

Timetable

References to terms throughout this procedure and these notes on applying the procedure are taken to mean the normal school term lengths for schools that operate a three term academic year. Any schools that operate on more than the normal three terms in an academic year should make an approximate pro rata adjustment to any references to terms.

Disputes about the procedure

Any disagreements or grievances about the interpretation of the Procedure, or the application of any related matters not covered in the Procedure, must not delay the various elements of the capability process or the overall timetable determined as appropriate for handling any particular case.

Appeals

Appeals may be heard by a panel composed of the Headteacher and senior managers (if the Headteacher is not leading the capability process) or Governors (if the Headteacher is leading the capability process or is the subject of it). Appeals should normally be restricted to considering the reasonableness of the decision made, any relevant new evidence, or any procedural irregularities. An employee is entitled to be accompanied at an appeal hearing by a trade union representative or work based colleague. The appeal decision should be confirmed in writing within five days of the appeal hearing and the employee told that there is no further appeal against the decision. Where an appeal is upheld the matter should be referred back to the Headteacher or appropriate senior manager to be reconsidered or for further appropriate action. Where monitoring would otherwise be continuing, it should not be halted while an appeal is pending.

Grievances

In certain circumstances an employee may raise a grievance during the course of a capability procedure. Depending on the circumstances it may be appropriate to suspend the procedure until the grievance can be considered. Such a delay should only be considered where there is a strong indication that the employee has been mistreated and consideration should be given to bringing in another manager to deal with the capability case. Any records should be passed to the new manager and if appropriate the case should be continued within the same timetable.

If an employee raises a grievance, in writing, about the way in which a manager handled a capability case or conducted the investigation/monitoring before the appeal stage of the capability procedure it will be discussed and the outcome recorded at the appeal hearing.

If an employee raises a grievance relating to the capability process after the process has been completed and after any appeal arising from it has been heard, it will not be allowed, as the appeal will have served to consider whether management action and other circumstances have been properly handled by the School.

THE CAPABILITY PROCEDURE

This procedure applies only to teachers or Headteachers about whose performance there are serious concerns that the appraisal process has been unable to address.

The purpose of capability procedures is to raise the performance of the employee to a point where they can achieve a sustained level of performance consistent with recognised professional standards and the reasonable operational requirements of the school. Where there are concerns regarding an employee as to her/his capability to carry out to the work he or she is engaged to perform to a satisfactory standard, it is important that this is drawn to their attention as soon as is reasonably possible. The Headteacher or other nominated senior manager, having reviewed and determined the perceived problem, and having consulted, where appropriate, with staff who have a line management responsibility for the employee concerned, shall raise the matter with the employee. Whilst in less serious cases this might be via normal appraisal arrangements, it is important to allow the employee as much time as reasonably possible to improve performance, and so notification of significant concern should not be delayed to a future appraisal meeting.

At least five working days' written notice will be given of the formal capability meeting. The notification will contain sufficient information about the concerns about performance and their possible consequences to enable the teacher to prepare to answer the case at a formal capability meeting. It will also contain copies of any written evidence; the details of the time and place of the meeting; and will advise the teacher of their right to be accompanied by a companion who may be a colleague, a trade union official, or a trade union representative who has been certified by their union as being competent.

Formal Capability meeting

This meeting is intended to establish the facts. It will be conducted by the Chair of Governors for Headteacher capability meetings) or Headteacher/ line manager (for other teachers/ centrally employed teachers). The meeting allows the teacher, accompanied by a companion if they wish, to respond to concerns about their performance and to make any relevant representations. This may provide new information or a different context to the information/evidence already collected.

The person conducting the meeting may conclude that there are insufficient grounds for pursuing the capability issue and that it would be more appropriate to continue to address the remaining concerns through the appraisal process. In such cases, the capability procedure will come to an end. The person conducting the meeting may also adjourn the meeting for example if they decide that further investigation is needed, or that more time is needed in which to consider any additional information.

In other cases, the meeting will continue. During the meeting, or any other meeting which could lead to a formal warning being issued, the person conducting the meeting will:

- identify the professional shortcomings, for example which of the standards expected of teachers are not being met;
- give clear guidance on the improved standard of performance needed to ensure that the teacher can be removed from formal capability procedures (this may include the setting of new objectives focused on the specific weaknesses that need to be addressed, any success criteria that might be appropriate and the evidence that will be used to assess whether or not the necessary improvement has been made);
- explain the support that will be available to help the teacher improve their performance;
- set out the timetable for improvement and explain how performance will be monitored and reviewed. The timetable will depend on the circumstances of the individual case but in

straightforward cases must not be less than 5 weeks. It should be reasonable and proportionate, but not excessively long, and should provide sufficient opportunity for an improvement to take place);

and

- warn the teacher formally that failure to improve within the set period could lead to dismissal.

In very serious cases, this warning could be a final written warning.

Notes will be taken of formal meetings and a copy sent to the member of staff. Where a warning is issued; the teacher will be informed in writing of the matters covered in the bullet points above and given information about the timing and handling of the review stage and the procedure and time limits for appealing against the warning.

Monitoring and review period following a formal capability meeting

A performance monitoring and review period will follow the formal capability meeting. Formal monitoring, evaluation, guidance and support will continue during this period. The member of staff will be invited to a formal review meeting, unless they were issued with a final written warning, in which case they will be invited to a decision meeting (see below).

Formal review meeting

As with formal capability meetings, at least five working days' written notice will be given and the notification will give details of the time and place of the meeting and will advise the teacher of their right to be accompanied by a companion who may be a colleague, a trade union official, or a trade union representative who has been certified by their union as being competent.

If the person conducting the meeting is satisfied that the teacher has made sufficient improvement, the capability procedure will cease and the appraisal process will re-start. In other cases:

- If some progress has been made and there is confidence that more is likely, it may be appropriate to extend the monitoring and review period;
- If no, or insufficient improvement has been made during the monitoring and review period, the teacher will receive a final written warning.

As before, notes will be taken of formal meetings and a copy sent to the member of staff. The final written warning will mirror any previous warnings that have been issued. Where a final warning is issued, the member of staff will be informed in writing that failure to achieve an acceptable standard of performance (within the set timescale), may result in dismissal and given information about the handling of the further monitoring and review period and the procedure and time limits for appealing against the final warning. The teacher will be invited to a decision meeting.

Decision meeting

As with formal capability meetings and formal review meetings, at least five working days' written notice will be given and the notification will give details of the time and place of the meeting and will advise the teacher of their right to be accompanied by a companion who may be a colleague, a trade union official, or a trade union representative who has been certified by their union as being competent.

If an acceptable standard of performance has been achieved during the further monitoring and review period, the capability procedure will end and the appraisal process will re-start.

If performance remains unsatisfactory, a decision, or recommendation to the Governing Body, will be made that the teacher should be dismissed or required to cease working at the school.

Suspension

In extreme cases where it is considered that the education or safety of pupils is in jeopardy, an employee who has failed to reach the required standard within the timescale for improvement, may be suspended by the Headteacher/Chair of Governors) pending the decision of the Governors on any action which might be taken. Before suspension is imposed, provided no delay is caused in the process, the employee shall be entitled to be accompanied by her/his trade union representative or colleague. Suspension is a neutral act. During any period of suspension, the employee will be paid their full salary. In the case of the suspension of a Headteacher, the Director of Children's Services must be informed prior to the event.

Dismissal

The employee shall be called to a hearing with the Staff Dismissal Committee of the Governing Body of the school (unless the power to dismiss has been delegated to the Headteacher).

The employee shall be given not less than ten working days' notice in writing of the date, time and place of the hearing, the nature of the complaint and informed that he or she has the right to be accompanied at the hearing by a representative of her/his trade union or colleague. At the hearing the complaint against the employee shall be formally presented and the employee and his /her representative shall be given the opportunity to ask questions relative to the complaint, to state his or her case and to call witnesses. The procedure to be adopted at the hearing is set out in Appendix 1.

A representative of the LA shall have the right to be present, for the purpose of giving advice, at all stages when a dismissal is being considered. The Staff Dismissal Committee of the Governing Body shall consider such advice before coming to a decision on the matter.

The outcome of the hearing must be confirmed in writing to the employee concerned within three working days, stating the reasons for the decision and in the case of dismissal, the right to lodge an appeal within ten working days.

Where the decision is to dismiss, once the Governing Body has decided that the teacher should no longer work at the school, it will notify the Local Authority of its decision and the reasons for it.

For capability issues of the Headteacher in the exceptional circumstances of a school that is judged to require special measures Appendix 2 will be used.

Appeal

If a teacher feels a decision to dismiss them or other action taken against them is wrong or unjust, they may appeal. The appeal shall be made by the employee or her/his trade union representative or colleague, in writing, to the clerk to the Governors or other nominated officer of the School within five working days of receipt of the written confirmation of the warning/dismissal, stating the grounds of appeal. The appeal shall be heard as soon as

possible thereafter, and neither the Headteacher or other manager issuing the original sanction (in the case of another employee) nor the chair of Governors (in the case of the Headteacher) shall take part in the appeal other than to present the case or act as a witness.

The Appeal Committee of the Governing Body shall be constituted from those Governors who are not otherwise disqualified from hearing the appeal, by virtue of their membership of the Dismissals Panel of the Staff Dismissal Committee of the Governors, or their involvement in the case as a witness, or in any material sense. The Appeals Panel should be the same size or larger than the Dismissals Panel. At any meeting of the Appeal Panel which is to hear an appeal against dismissal, a representative of the LA shall have the right to be present throughout the appeal hearing for the purpose of giving advice. The Appeal Panel shall consider such advice before coming to a decision on the matter.

The employee shall be given not less than five working days' notice in writing by the clerk to the Governors or other nominated officer of the School, of the date, time and place of the appeal hearing and informed of his or her right to be accompanied by a trade union representative or work based colleague. The procedure to be adopted at the hearing is set out in Appendix 2 of this document. The decision on the appeal shall be confirmed to the employee (and the LA in writing in cases of appeal against dismissal) by the clerk to the Governors or other nominated officer of the School.

With regard to an earlier decision to dismiss an employee, if the decision of the Appeals Panel is that the employee concerned should not cease to work at the school, the school or its HR provider will issue a letter rescinding the earlier letter of dismissal to the employee.

The teacher will be informed in writing of the results of the appeal hearing as soon as possible.

Supplementary Provisions

This procedure shall apply to those staff specified in the introduction to this policy save that in the case of Voluntary Aided/ Foundation School where the Governing Body is the employer of Teachers at the school: -

i) the Governing Body may, by formal resolution, agree with the LA to accord advisory rights to the Director of Children's Services and a representative of the Diocesan Education Service in the case of RC schools, or, the Diocesan Board of Education in the case of CE Schools, in relation to the dismissal of staff at the school, in which case the advisory provisions of this procedure shall apply;

ii) the Governing Body shall, on dismissing an employee employed by them, notify the LA in writing of the reasons for the dismissal.

Should the outcome of a capability enquiry/investigation/hearing adjudge that an employee was not blameworthy or should any capability-related action be rescinded and effectively withdrawn following appeal, all records relating to the allegation shall be removed from the employee's record and the employee notified accordingly. In such circumstances, where the employee had been dismissed, any monies to which he or she would have been entitled but for the dismissal shall be repaid.

It is most strongly advised that copies of all relevant documents relating to the capability case must be kept securely for at least six years, in case they are required at a later stage,

or a complaint to Employment Tribunal is lodged. Records must be kept on the individual's personal file detailing the nature of the incapability, the employee's response or mitigation, the action taken and the reasons for it, whether an appeal was lodged, its outcome and any subsequent developments. Records held by the school (not on the employee's personal file) will include warnings that have expired and related documents as well as instances where the employee has been exonerated at either the initial hearing or any subsequent appeal. These records are to be kept confidential and retained in accordance with this procedure and the Data Protection Act 1998.

Where there is evidence following an OFSTED inspection, that deficiencies in a school that is judged to be in need of special measures or significant improvement, rest with the Headteacher, the position of the Headteacher may be so undermined, and the confidence of the Governing Body or the LA so eroded that steps may need to be taken to consider whether or not the Headteacher should continue to work at the school.

To meet this situation, it is necessary to have a strategy in place that: -

- a) observes the requirements of employment protection legislation and principles of natural justice;
- b) ensures that actions taken are justified, fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and
- c) is consistent with Education statutory requirements, where appropriate, and Education (School Government) Regulations.

Clearly the above procedure for Headteachers is not appropriate in such particular circumstances because of its potential lead-in period and the contradictory need for very rapid turnaround in the case of schools causing concern. There is also the matter of parental (and perhaps staff) confidence and a possible danger of withdrawal of pupils from a school causing concern if some immediate steps are not taken.

In such circumstances the emergency measures detailed in Appendix 2 and Appendix 3 shall be followed.

Under no circumstances shall any warning issued in accordance with this Capability Procedure be recorded in the School Log Book.

This procedure shall not apply to:

- a) termination of temporary employment for which the employee has been specifically engaged;
- b) cases of redundancy or alleged misconduct;
- c) the efficiency of an employee whose dismissal arises from unsuitability for confirmation of appointment.

All dismissal proceedings under this document shall be confidential until the decision of the Governors has been made and thereafter any publication shall be restricted to the operative decision.

In cases of incompetence where an employer has ceased to use the services of a Teacher consideration should be given to reporting the circumstances in future references

to prospective employers in line with the advice of the Secretary of State for Education contained in published guidance on teachers' performance.

Appendix 1.

PROCEDURE AT CAPABILITY HEARINGS AND APPEAL HEARINGS

Capability hearings or appeal hearings will be heard by a Governors panel in accordance with the decision made by the Governing Body with regard to delegation of its powers in such matters.

- 1 The procedure at Capability Hearings and Appeals Panels of the Governing Body will be as follows:
2. The Governing Body may appoint an advocate to present the case on behalf of the Headteacher (or chair of Governors as appropriate), in order that the Headteacher/chair of Governors may act as a witness in appropriate cases.
3. The Headteacher/panel of Governors, representative of the LA (or senior manager, chair of Governors, nominated governor, advocate as appropriate), employee and her/his representative will be present at the commencement of the Hearing. (Any period set aside for the panel members only to familiarize themselves with documentation is not part of the Hearing)
4. The chair of the panel will introduce those present, giving names/job titles and roles (whether advisory or decision-making) and advising that notes will be taken of the proceedings for the record and to assist in the reaching of a conclusion.
5. The chair of the panel will explain the purpose of the Capability Hearing/Appeals Panel, and the procedure which will be followed in accordance with this Appendix. Witnesses shall be present only whilst they are being examined and must not be allowed to confer. Witnesses may be accompanied but not represented at the Hearing. Any questions of procedure not explicitly covered by this document shall be determined by the panel hearing the case.
6. The presenter will confirm the allegations, report the outcome of the procedure, call witnesses and introduce other documentary evidence to the panel.
7. The employee and/or representative will be invited to ask questions on the case as presented, or directly to re-examine the evidence given by any witnesses.
8. The panel will have the opportunity to ask questions or clarify any issues raised during this presentation, or to re-examine witnesses.
9. The employee and/or representative will be invited to present evidence in their case, including making a full statement and introducing any witnesses or documentary evidence.
10. The presenter will be invited to ask questions on the case as presented, or directly to re-examine the evidence given by any witnesses.
11. The panel will have the opportunity to ask questions or clarify any issues raised during this presentation, or to re-examine witnesses.
12. Both parties will be invited to make their closing statements, with the employee/employee representative making the final statement.

13. All parties will be asked to withdraw excepting the panel and any representative of the LA attending to advise or the person taking notes of the proceedings.

The presenter, employee and her/his representative may be recalled to clarify any points of uncertainty on evidence already given. If recall is necessary, both parties will return, irrespective of the point of clarification sought.

15. The panel will decide whether the proposal to dismiss is upheld or whether or not an appeal should be upheld.

16. The panel's decision to be communicated in writing to the employee concerned within three working days setting out the decision of the panel and the reasons for the conclusion.

Appendix 2

NOTE: Please note Appendix 2 only applies where the Local Authority is the employer of last resort to Local Authority Maintained Community & Voluntary Controlled Schools. If a Voluntary Aided School wants to use Appendix 2 the decision in relation to a Protected Conversation rests with the Local Authority.

If a Foundation School wants to adopt Appendix 2, the Local Authority must take the lead in any discussions.

SCHOOLS REQUIRING SPECIAL MEASURES or where other issues indicate that intervention is required by the Local Authority

Section 15 of the Education Act 2005 as amended by Part 4 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, builds on existing statutory powers and good practice to ensure that every pupil is provided with the education and opportunities they deserve.

If Ofsted Inspectors believe that a school requires special measures they must state this at the oral feedback session at the end of the inspection. Special measures are taken if the inspection team concludes that:

- i) the school is failing to give pupils an acceptable standard of education and,
- ii) the people responsible for leading, managing or governing are not demonstrating the capacity to secure the necessary improvement

The Local Authority is required to start to consider what action to take immediately after the oral feedback.

A school will be 'eligible for intervention' under the 2006 Act if it has not complied with a warning notice and the LA have also given the school written notice of their intention to exercise their intervention powers under Part 4 of the 2006 Act or where it has been judged by Ofsted to require significant improvement (a 'serious weaknesses' judgement under the September 2012 Ofsted framework or 'special measures').

Where schools are eligible for intervention LA's may exercise their powers to: require the Governing Body to enter into specified arrangements with a view to improving the performance of the school; appoint additional Governors; suspend the delegated budget of the school; appoint an Interim Executive Board.

<https://www.google.co.uk/#q=statutory+guidance+school+in+special+measures>

SUPPORT & INTERVENTION FOR HEADTEACHERS

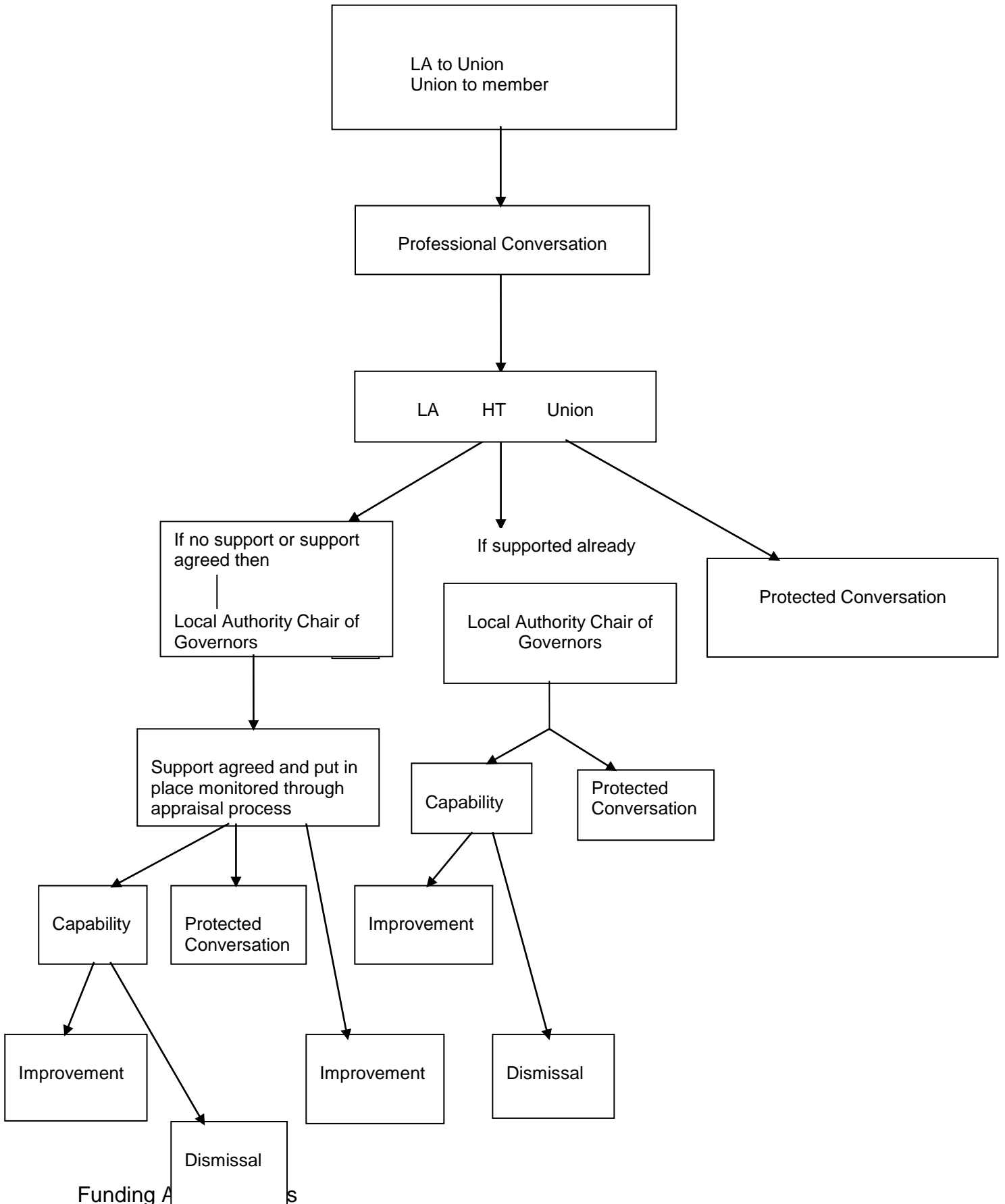
The LA (and where appropriate the Diocese) will work together to support the Governing Body and the Headteacher to resolve the situation in the best way for the future success of the school and the education of the pupils.

Interventions will be sought from appropriate sources in particular, Cumbria Alliance of System Leaders (CASL), Local Alliance of Systems Leaders (LASL) and the LA Learning Improvements Service in order to provide the school with appropriate support.

This appendix is reserved for exceptional circumstances. Use of this appendix would only occur following evidence of appropriate levels of previous support for the identified concerns over leadership and management and where this support has not brought about the necessary levels of improvement in leadership and management or where support for leadership and management has been offered and has been declined.

Appendix 3: Protected Conversations

This flow chart must not be used in isolation. You must give due regard to the full procedure.



Funding A S

Academies – must fund the entire cost of a supported exit.

Community and Voluntary Controlled Schools – cost of supported exit will be met by the Local Authority.

Voluntary aided and Foundation Schools – supported exits can only be made in the full knowledge and with the agreement of the Local Authority. Where school has the ability to make a contribution, the Local Authority will expect this to be made.